

# The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Thursday, February 20, 1746.

From the London Gazette, Feb. 15.

Petersburg, Jan. 18.

**T**HE military Preparations here are still continued with great Vigour. By the 1st of March there will be 50,000 effective Men ready to take the Field, and as many more by the Beginning of June.

**Florence, Feb. 1.** N. S. By Letters from Rome received this Morning, there are Accounts that Embarkations of Recruits, Ammunition and Stores are continually sent to pass by the Roman Coasts for Genoa; Recruits are raising all over the Ecclesiastical State, and even in the City of Rome, and they are sent to Civita Vecchia, to a Country House of the Spanish Consul, till a sufficient Number is got together to be embarked. The Spanish Agents buy up all the Corn and other Grain they can get, in order to transport it likewise to Genoa. The Regency has received Notice, that the Republick of Genoa had given Orders to M. Papperini, the Emperor's Agent there, to leave their State in three Days, without telling the Motive of that Order; Notice thereof is sent this Evening to Vienna. The Pope has sent Signor Marco Fufarelli to Naples, to settle with the Ministers of that Court the necessary Quarters, &c. for the Corps of Neapolitan Troops which is to pass through the Ecclesiastick State in its March to the Infant's Army in Lombardy. The Legate of Ferrara has informed the Pope, that some Imperial Troops have entered the Ferrarese. The Spaniards have a large Magazine at Bologna, and have sent several Pieces of Cannon to Parma, with an Intent, as they give out, to besiege the Castles of Modena and Mirandola, in order to have a free Communication with the Ecclesiastick State. They are at present posted at Guastalla and St. Benedetto, and are making Dispositions to prevent the Imperial Army, expected from Germany, from passing the Po.

**Berlin, Feb. 12.** N. S. The latter End of this Month his Prussian Majesty will go, as is said, into Silesia, and from thence, in the Month of May, into the Dutchy of Cleves. Yesterday the Palatin Minister, Baron Bechers, set out for Dresden: Upon his Return he will set out for Vienna. The Minister of Hesse Cassel, M. D'Aisspours, returned Yesterday to his own Court.

**Antwerp, Feb. 17.** N. S. By Letters from Brussels received this Day, we have Accounts, that the Town made a vigorous Defence, and that the Burghers behaved to Admiration. The Deserters from the French, in my report, that the Garrison had made two Sallies with Success, and that the Fire from the Besieged did more Execution than that of the Besiegers, who had not yet erected any Battery for Mortars; and that great Numbers of Sick

were daily sent from their Army to Ghent. The first Division of the Austrian Troops joined the Prince of Waldeck's Corps Yesterday.

**Hague, Feb. 18.** The Letters of Yesterday from Antwerp bring no new Particulars of the Progress of the French before Brussels, and only say, that the Garrison continued to make a gallant Defence. This Morning the States General regulated and settled the Command and Repartition of their Forces for the current Year. It is reported here, that Fitz James's and Ruth's Regiments had been embarked at Ostend, and a French one at Dunkirk for Scotland; but are all said to be relanded again.

**St. James's, Feb. 14.** This Day the Right Hon. the Earl Granville resign'd the Seals into his Majesty's Hands, which his Majesty was pleased to redeliver to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, and to the Right Hon. the Earl of Harrington, his Majesty's two Principal Secretaries of State.

From Wye's Letter, London, Feb. 15.

Yesterday, the Commons ordered the Bill for the more easy and speedy Trial of such Persons, as have levied or shall levy War against his Majesty, to be ingrossed.—Resolved to go into a Committee of the whole House on Monday next, to consider further of the Supply granted to his Majesty; and likewise resolved to go into a Committee on Monday next, to consider further on Ways and Means for raising the Supply to his Majesty.

We are assured, that several Ships of War having on board considerable Forces, are ordered for Cape Breton, for the further Defence of that Place against the Intentions of the French, against whom, it is the general Opinion, the Dutch will be obliged to declare War.

This Evening Martin Bladen Member of Parliament for Portsmouth, lay at the Point of Death, at his House in Hanover Square.

Yesterday came Advice, by Letters from Falmouth, that the Swift, Capt. Hayman, bound from Newfoundland for London, was taken on the 8th Instant by two French Privateers, and carried into St. Malo's.

The Bohemia, Harding, from Marylaud, is taken and carried into Byone.

From the London Evening Post, Feb. 15.

**Parma, Jan. 25.** A Body of 2400 Austrians have extended themselves along the Po, from Ostiglio to Casal-Maggiore: On the Side of Mantua they are building a Bridge at Mirasole, and they reckon to make another beyond the Secchia. The Spaniards that are in Garrison at Guastalla, have carried off from the said Body of Austrians seventeen Mills and several Boats, and brought a few more Villages under their Obedience.

Eighty Deserters from the Regiment of Viglianes, Au-



2-1519-c

Strian, have been brought hither. The City of Mantua, we hear, is guarded by Militia only, and they are in great Agitation there as well as at Modena.

#### LONDON, Feb. 15.

It is reported that neither Loan, Lottery nor any other Species of new Credit, wou'd have taken Place, if the Scheme of last Monday had not been timely given up: And that the Schemists, finding this, were obliged of themselves shamefully to desist from proceeding any farther.

The Lords of Admiralty have ordered three Men of War to join the four already appointed, which now consist of seven, viz. one of 90, one of 80, one of 70, two of 60, one of 50, and one of 40 Guns, now lying at Spithead, to convoy the Lisbon and Oporto Fleet, which will be ready to sail for those Ports in a few Days.

There are Letters in Town which say, that his Royal Highness the Duke has caused it to be declared to the old Dutchess of Perth, that unless she can prevail with her Son to release all the Prisoners taken by the Rebels, the King's Soldiers shall be left at full Liberty to plunder and destroy the Drummond Estate; and that the Dutchess has accordingly writ upon this Subject in the most pressing Manner. The exasperated Men, it is said, have already given a Specimen of what they will do, in revenge for the Fatigues and Hardships they have been made to suffer, if they are at once let loose without Controul.

#### Extract of a private Letter from Perth, Feb. 6.

—The Dutchess Dowager of Perth and her Daughter are still in Custody, and a Guard of 30 Dragoons have been sent to the Duke's House. Our Soldiers have made a kind of military Auction, or publick Sale, of Household Goods, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, &c. with what little Silver Plate they have been able to find in the Houses of such Gentlemen as are with the Rebels.

#### From the St. James's Evening Post, Feb. 15.

Hamburg, Jan. 31. O. S. The Treaty of Subsidy, which the King of Sweden as Landgrave of Hesse, has concluded with the British Court, is to continue for four Years; amongst other things it is therein stipulated, 'That the Hessian Troops which are to pass over into England, shall be in the Pay of Great Britain: That they shall not be employed in Men of War, nor sent into the Plantations; but that they shall serve for no other Purpose than for the Defence of Great Britain and her Allies in the Low Countries: That the Charge of their Transportation, both going and coming, shall be defrayed by Great Britain; and that when there shall be no further Occasion for them in that Kingdom, they shall be complete; if not, eighty Crowns shall be paid for every Horseman that shall be wanting, and thirty for every Foot Soldier.' 'Tis also said, 'That 150,000 Crowns per Annum should be paid to the King of Sweden, so long as the Hessian Troops shall remain in the Pay of Great Britain: That this Subsidy shall be augmented to 250,000 Crowns per Annum, during the Term of the Treaty, in case that these Troops should be dismissed before the Determination thereof; and that if England should have Need of a greater Number, they should be furnished upon the same Footing, &c.

Hague, Feb. 17. According to some private Letters from Sweden, the late dreadful Fire that happened at Gottenbourg, was owing to the Malice of some wicked People towards the East-India Company establish'd there; and they have so far succeeded in their Design, that not only a great Part of the Tea brought by the last Shipping, is actually consumed, but also the Houses of most of the Captains and Officers belonging to that Company, and particularly that magnificent Structure erected by Mr. James Schutz; and the House of another Director was preserved, but with great Difficulty. They write from Copenhagen, that the general Opinion there is, that the Loss the Swedish East India Company has sustained by this Fire, will very probably compleat its Ruin, the rather because it is certain, that the Senate have not of late looked with so favourable an Eye on that Commerce as at the Beginning, which is thought to be owing to its not taking off any great Quantity either of the Commodities, or Manufactures of the Kingdom. From Vienna we learn, that Field Marshal Konigseg is not to serve in the next Campaign, but to remain in that City, and that all the Military Conferences are to be held for the future in his Presence, and at his Apartment.

Hague Feb. 18. There is nothing very material on the Anvil at present, the State waiting for the Issue of Count Wassenaer's Negotiations at the French Court. We begin to despair of being able to relieve Brussels: The Advices we receiv'd from thence last Night represent it as good as surrendered. The French have made a dreadful Fire at their three Attacks there, and pushed on their Works as far as the Palisades. It is true, they lose Men before the Town; but Count Saxe, who both Night and Day visits every Post and every Attack, says that he will lose his Life rather than not carry the Place and make the Garrison Prisoners of War. This is the very Thing that is most dreaded here: for it is not probable that the Inhabitants, nor even Commandant, will expose themselves to a general Assault. Some Letters from Liege and Antwerp have already mentioned Brussels as taken upon Condition that the Garrison should not serve for 18 Months to come against the French King and his Allies. But this News is premature; for the Advices which the State received this Day by an Express, inform us, that the Garrison still defended themselves yesterday Morning. The Abbe de la Ville's Secretary gives out, that the Commandant has already demanded to capitulate; but that Count Saxe would hear of no other Terms than making the Garrison Prisoners of War. The said Secretary adds, That as the Capitulations of Tournay and Dendermond have not been observed, the Garrison of Brussels will not be exchanged, but either against such other Prisoners as the Republick may make upon France, or at the concluding of a Peace; his Court, says he, being resolved that they shall not have the Benefit of the Cartel subsisting.

Falmouth, Feb. 10. Just now arrived here the Stadt of Rotterdam, Zenn, from Brest, from whence he sailed on Tuesday last; the Commander says, there are in that Port about 30 Sail of Men of War, great and small: That some Days before he came away, three Men of War sailed from thence; but one of them striking on a Rock was obliged to put back. — Last Thursday five

Prizes were carried into Brest, supposed to be those taken last Week off the Lizard. The same Day two Privateers of 50 and 40 Guns sailed on a Cruise.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

We hear that Mr. Ratcliffe, Jun. (reported to be the Pretender's youngest Son) who was taken some time ago on board the *Solli* Privateer, and committed, with several others, to the Tower, has obtained Leave to walk any where within that Garrison, guarded by two Wardens, for the Benefit of his Health.

The French Prisoners which were taken and brought to Hall some time since, by one of his Majesty's Ships of War, are all bringing to London, escorted by a strong party of his Grace the Duke of Ancafter and Kevelstan's Horse.

*Extract of a Letter from on-board his Majesty's Ship the Captain at Plymouth, Feb. 11.*

Captain Thomas Fox, appointed our Commander, arrived here Yesterday. The 5 Men of War who sailed on a Cruise on the 6th Instant, are returned from their Cruise, with a French Privateer. They give an Account of 15 Sail of French Men of War being cruising off Scilly, and that there were 28 Sail of Privateers at Sea from Malo's; which we hope to give a good Account of in a few Days. — Our Fleet is very healthy, and in good Spirits. — We are now under Way with a fair Wind.

Bank Stock 120 1 half. Ditto Permits 15 3 qrs. Prem. India Stock 156. South Sea Stock 90 1 half without the Dividend.

EDINBURGH, February 20.

Tuesday Afternoon arrived here the other three Troops of the Duke of Kingdon's Light Horse, and marched again to join the Army Yesterday Morning.

That Forenoon part of the Soldiers that were left sick in this City, were reviewed in the Abbey-clofe by the Earl of Crawford. And we hear the rest are to be reviewed on Saturday. Such of them as were thought to be fully recovered were ordered to march and join their respective Corps, and the rest were ordered to the Hospitals to be taken care of. And likewise a great Number of the Hessian Troops met that Day at the Meeting-house belonging to the seceding Congregation in Bristol, and had divine Service performed by one of the Chaplains to their own Regiments.

And 'twixt one and two o'Clock of that Day a Fire broke out in one of the large Rooms belonging to the Apartments of his Highness the Prince of Hesse, in the Abbey of Holyroodhouse; but by the timely Assistance of the Firemen and City Servants, the same was happily extinguished. The Damage occasioned thereby was inconsiderable.

Yesterday Afternoon the Trade arrived in Leith Road from London under Convoy, long looked for by our Merchants; but as the Names of the particular Ships was not as yet come to hand, they shall be insert in our next.

This Day, the 12th Day of the Moon, it is high Water at Leith, Forenoon, at 10 o'clock, 42 M. Afternoon, at 11, 6 M. Friday, Forenoon, at 11, 30 M. Afternoon, at 11, 54 M. Saturday, Forenoon, at 12, 18 M. Afternoon, at 12, 42 M.

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

To be SOLD or SETT,  
The HOUSE and SHOP opposite to the Tron Church, that belonged to the deceas'd Baillie Thomas Fenton. Enquire for Particulars at Mr. Paul Husband Merchant at his Shop, Edinburgh.

Published, Price 6 d.

The APPENDIX to the *Scots Magazine* for 1745.

### CONTAINING,

I. SPEECHES in the Political Club. — II. The Foreign History for the Month of December. — III. Descriptions of Edinburgh and Carlisle. — IV. The Behaviour of the Rebels at Derby and Manchester. — V. Number of Ships taken on both Sides, and where carried, in 1745. — VI. A Letter from the Ministers of the Roman Catholick Powers, complaining of a Clause in the Proclamation of Dec. 6. with the Answer written by the Principal Secretaries of State. — VII. General Mortality bills for Edinburgh and London. — With the general Title page, Preface, and copious Indexes: Which completes the SEVENTH VOLUME. "The Historical Part, to which we always give the Preference, has become more and more interesting every Year since the Commencement of this Work. When it was begun, *G. Britain* was at Peace with her Neighbours and within herself; But in a few Months she entered into a War with Spain; next, she became engaged as an Auxiliary to the Queen of Hungary; soon after, a War broke out between her and France; and now additional to all these, which still subsist, she has a Civil War raging in her own Bowels. During this Time, most of the other Princes and States in Europe, the Turks and Persians, &c. have likewise been, and several of them still are involved in the Calamities of War. We have constantly endeavoured distinctly to represent the Rise and Progress of all remarkable Transactions, giving more than ordinary Attention to the Troubles in our own Country; and as the Materials for our Collection are daily rising in Importance, we shall study to pay a proportional Regard to them — Every Volume begins with a summary View of publick Affairs at the Time; in which the principal Transactions of the preceeding Year are exhibited without in a small Compass, for throwing Light upon our subsequent Articles of History, and rendering them intelligible without looking farther back; a Thing of singular Use to those who have not the former Volumes." — Pref. to Vol. VII.

Essays (Post paid) or Commissions addressed to W. Sands, Bookseller, or to A. Murray or J. Cochran, Printers, Edinburgh, will be taken care of and answered. By whom, and by all the Booksellers in the Kingdom, the *Magazines* are regularly sent, when published, to the Lodgings or Carriers Quarters of such as desire. Those who chuse to have them by Post, may please give their Orders to any of the Clerks in the General Post Office, Edinburgh.

N. B. The *Magazine* for January 1746 is in the Press. Of the Booksellers in Edinburgh, or at the Printing house in Burner's Close, may likewise be had, Price 2 d.

A List of the Houses, Shops, Gardens, Inclosures, &c. in and about Edinburgh, to be set or sold; shewing their Situation, Conveniencies, Rent, the Persons who set them, &c.



¶¶ That ALEXANDER CHRISTY at Perth will lay down CLOTH as soon as the Weather permits; and bleaches at the following Prices, viz. All Cloth wrought in a ten hundred Reed and under, from Half Yard to Yard wide, at 1 d. per Yard, if the common Sale-Cloth and belonging to the Merchants of Perth, but if to others, at 2 d. per Yard: But Cloth taken in at Edinburgh, Stirling or Montrose, eleven hundred and under, at 3 d. halfpenny; twelve and thirteen hundred, at 4 d. fourteen hundred, at 4 d. halfpenny; fifteen hundred, at 5 d. sixteen hundred, at 5 d. halfpenny; and all above, at 6 d. per Yard, Yard wide: And so in proportion for Linnen and Diapers.

Cloth for this Field is to be taken in by James Mansfield at the Blue Boar, opposite to the Upper-end of the Lucken-booths, Edinburgh; at Montrose by Alex<sup>r</sup> Christy Merchant; at Stirling by Mrs. Downie Relict of the deceased Andrew Downie Merchant; at Perth by the said Alex<sup>r</sup> Christy. Receipts will be given at each Place; and it is desired that the Receipts be carefully kept, in order to be given up upon Delivery of the Cloth. No Cloth to be taken in after the Middle of July, to be returned white this Season.

*This Day is publish'd (to be sold by T. Lumisden and J. Robertson at their Printing house in the Fifth market, and by W. Miller near the Cross, and other Bookfellers in Town)*

An ADDRESS to the Burgeſſes Inhabitants of Edinburgh: Observing the Defects of the Old Sett; and proposing the Plan of a Bill to Parliament, for an Act to restore and establish a Town council and Magistracy for the CITY, and to ascertain the Right and Manner of Electing its Member to Parliament.—In which, and Notes on it, are observed, some Particulars concerning the Laws now in Force relative to Burrow Elections, worthy (perhaps) of the Consideration of all the Royal Burghs of Scotland in general, and of the City of Edinburgh (tho' it was to have no New Sett) in particular.

¶¶ WILLIAM BOUTCHER Nursery-man and Seeds-man at Comely Garden, near the Abbey, has just now imported all the Sorts of Garden, Grass, Tree and Flower Seeds that last Season produced, which have not only been proved fresh, but are collected from the best of their Kinds by the most knowing Hands. He has likewise, of his own Propagation, a large Collection of the most valuable Fruit and Forrest Trees, Flowering Shrubs, Evergreens, Flower Roots, and every other thing useful in Gardening, all which will be sold at the most moderate Rates.

N.B. Catalogues to be had at the Place of Sale.

¶¶ ARCHIBALD EAGLE Merchant in Smith's Land opposite to Black friars Wynd, and Seedſman to the Honourable Society for improving Agriculture, has just now brought from the best Places abroad, a curious Collection

of new and fresh Garden and Grass-seeds, together with Variety of Flower-seeds, and several Kinds of Tree-seeds, especially the Beech-mast that's highly esteemed for its Value: So that all who have already given Commission for such Seeds, may immediately call for them; and all others that want, can be furnished to their Satisfaction, at as cheap and low Rates as any where else in Town: Likewise may be had every Sort of Gardeners Utensils, as also the finest Durham and Isle of May Mustard, new Kentish Hops, Lint-feed, and all manner of Falcon Graith, &c.

¶¶ WILLIAM MILLER, near the Abbey at Edinburgh, has lately brought from the properest Places abroad, great Varieties of the best, new and fresh Garden Seeds, sundry Kinds of Grass and Tree Seeds, (particularly Beech mast extraordinary good, at 8 Pence per Pound) with Flower Seeds and Gardeners Tools, together with a choice Collection of fine Fruit-trees and others, to be sold by him as usually.

N. B. He having Conveniencies, has tried most Sorts of his Garden Seeds since they came home, sees they grow extraordinary well, and are all as cheap as they have been in this Country these many Years past.

*To be SETT at Whitsunday next,*

The FOURTH STORY of the Great Tenement in the Fifth market Close, West side, consisting of a Kitchen, seven Fire rooms, and five Closets, with a Cellar and Garret. It has two Entries, one by the Close next to the Parliament close, on the East side; and another from the Parliament close itself by the President's Stairs. Rent 19l. Enquire at the Possessor William Wilson Writer to the Signet, or at James Scott Writer at his House in the Head of Byres's Close opposite to the Lucken-booths, or Muirhead's Coffee house.

*To be SOLD by way of publick Roup, upon Monday the 21<sup>st</sup> of February current, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 Afternoon, at John's Coffee house, Edinburgh,*

The Piece of Ground called the Mill haugh, extending to two Acres, one Rood and two Falls, with a Garden, a new Dwelling-house, Office-houses, Shade, Lime-pit Water-flank, and other Skinner Works near Stockbridge; as also the Lodging or Top Story, with Garret and Cellar, in the plain Stone Land at the Back of the Weigh house, on the North-side of the High street of Edinburgh; as also, the Dwelling-house poss<sup>d</sup> by Mrs. Cunningham being the first Story of the Tenement of Land on the North-side of the High street of Edinburgh, opposite the West-end of James's Court, and Cellar belonging thereto; and also the two Stories immediately above said Dwelling-house, poss<sup>d</sup> by James Lothian Merchant and the Cellar commonly called the Weigh house Cellar, belonging to the deceased John Ogilvie Skinner in Edinburgh. The Progress and Conditions of Sale are to be seen in the Hands of David Forbes Writer in Edinburgh.

EDINBURGH: Printed for THOMAS RUDDIMAN and COMPANY, and sold at the Printing-house in the Parliament-close; where Advertisements and Subscriptions are taken in.